

Package ‘egg’

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Type Package

Title Extensions for 'ggplot2': Custom Geom, Custom Themes, Plot Alignment, Labelled Panels, Symmetric Scales, and Fixed Panel Size

Version 0.4.5

License GPL-3

Description Miscellaneous functions to help customise 'ggplot2' objects. High-level functions are provided to post-process 'ggplot2' layouts and allow alignment between plot panels, as well as setting panel sizes to fixed values. Other functions include a custom 'geom', and helper functions to enforce symmetric scales or add tags to faceted plots.

VignetteBuilder knitr

Depends gridExtra (>= 2.3), ggplot2

Imports gtable, grid, grDevices, utils

Suggests knitr, png

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

NeedsCompilation no

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 expose_layout *expose_layout*

Description

Schematic view of a ggplot object's layout.

Usage

```
expose_layout(p, draw = TRUE, newpage = TRUE)
```

Arguments

p	ggplot
draw	logical, draw the gtable
newpage	logical

Value

gtable

Examples

```
p1 <- qplot(mpg, wt, data=mtcars, colour=cyl)
p2 <- qplot(mpg, data = mtcars) + ggtitle('title')
p3 <- qplot(mpg, data = mtcars, geom = 'dotplot')
p4 <- p1 + facet_wrap(~carb, nrow=1) + theme(legend.position='none') +
  ggtitle('facetted plot')
pl <- lapply(list(p1,p2, p3, p4), expose_layout, FALSE, FALSE)
grid.arrange(grobs=pl, widths=c(1.2,1,1),
             layout_matrix = rbind(c(1, 2, 3),
                                   c(4, 4, 4)))
```

 geom_custom *geom_custom*

Description

Draw user-defined grobs, typically annotations, at specific locations.

Usage

```
geom_custom(mapping = NULL, data = NULL, inherit.aes = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

mapping	mapping
data	data
inherit.aes	inherit.aes
...	arguments passed to the geom's draw_group method

Value

layer

Examples

```
library(grid)
d <- data.frame(x=rep(1:3, 4), f=rep(letters[1:4], each=3))
g1 <- replicate(4, matrix(sample(palette(), 9, TRUE), 3, 3), FALSE)
dummy <- data.frame(f=letters[1:4], data = I(g1))
ggplot(d, aes(f,x)) +
  facet_wrap(~f) +
  theme_bw() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_custom(data = dummy, aes(data = data, y = 2),
              grob_fun = function(x) rasterGrob(x, interpolate = FALSE,
                                                width=unit(1,'cm'),
                                                height=unit(1,'cm')))
```

Description

Arrange multiple ggplot objects on a page, aligning the plot panels.

Usage

```
ggarrange(..., plots = list(...), nrow = NULL, ncol = NULL,
          widths = NULL, heights = NULL, byrow = TRUE, top = NULL,
          bottom = NULL, left = NULL, right = NULL, padding = unit(0.5,
          "line"), clip = "on", draw = TRUE, newpage = TRUE, debug = FALSE,
          labels = NULL, label.args = list(gp = grid::gpar(font = 4, cex =
          1.2)))
```

Arguments

...	ggplot objects
plots	list of ggplots
nrow	number of rows

ncol	number of columns
widths	list of requested widths
heights	list of requested heights
byrow	logical, fill by rows
top	optional string, or grob
bottom	optional string, or grob
left	optional string, or grob
right	optional string, or grob
padding	unit of length one, margin around annotations
clip	argument of gtable
draw	logical: draw or return a grob
newpage	logical: draw on a new page
debug	logical, show layout with thin lines
labels	character labels used for annotation of subfigures
label.args	label list of parameters for the formatting of labels

Value

gtable of aligned plots

Examples

```
p1 <- ggplot(mtcars, aes(mpg, wt, colour = factor(cyl))) +
  geom_point()
p2 <- ggplot(mtcars, aes(mpg, wt, colour = factor(cyl))) +
  geom_point() + facet_wrap(~ cyl, ncol=2, scales = 'free') +
  guides(colour='none') +
  theme()
ggarrange(p1, p2, widths = c(2,1), labels = c('a', 'b'))
```

Description

Reformat the gtable associated with a ggplot object into a 3x3 gtable where the central cell corresponds to the plot panel(s).

Usage

```
gtable_frame(g, width = unit(1, "null"), height = unit(1, "null"),
            debug = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>g</code>	gtable
<code>width</code>	requested width
<code>height</code>	requested height
<code>debug</code>	logical draw gtable cells

Value

3x3 gtable wrapping the plot

Examples

```
library(grid)
library(gridExtra)
p1 <- ggplot(mtcars, aes(mpg, wt, colour = factor(cyl))) +
  geom_point()

p2 <- ggplot(mtcars, aes(mpg, wt, colour = factor(cyl))) +
  geom_point() + facet_wrap(~ cyl, ncol=2, scales = 'free') +
  guides(colour='none') +
  theme()

p3 <- ggplot(mtcars, aes(mpg, wt, colour = factor(cyl))) +
  geom_point() + facet_grid(. ~ cyl, scales = 'free')

g1 <- ggplotGrob(p1);
g2 <- ggplotGrob(p2);
g3 <- ggplotGrob(p3);
fg1 <- gtable_frame(g1)
fg2 <- gtable_frame(g2)
fg12 <- gtable_frame(gtable_rbind(fg1,fg2), width=unit(2,'null'), height=unit(1,'null'))
fg3 <- gtable_frame(g3, width=unit(1,'null'), height=unit(1,'null'))
grid.newpage()
combined <- gtable_cbind(fg12, fg3)
grid.draw(combined)
```

`set_panel_size`

set_panel_size

Description

Set the panel width/height of a ggplot to a fixed value.

Usage

```
set_panel_size(p = NULL, g = ggplot2::ggplotGrob(p), file = NULL,
  margin = unit(1, "mm"), width = unit(4, "cm"), height = unit(4,
  "cm"))
```

Arguments

p	ggplot2
g	gttable
file	optional output filename
margin	grid unit
width	grid unit, requested panel width
height	grid unit, requested panel height

Value

gttable with fixed panel sizes

Examples

```
p1 <- qplot(mpg, wt, data=mtcars, colour=cyl)
p2 <- p1 + facet_wrap(~carb, nrow=1)
grid.arrange(grobs=lapply(list(p1,p2), set_panel_size))
```

symmetric_range	<i>symmetric_range</i>
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Description

Function to ensure that a position scale is symmetric about 0

Usage

```
symmetric_range(range)
```

Arguments

range	range of the data
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Value

symmetric range

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(mpg, aes(cty, hwy)) +
  geom_point() +
  scale_x_continuous(limits = symmetric_range)
```

*tag_facet**tag_facet*

Description

Adds a dummy text layer to a ggplot to label facets and sets facet strips to blank. This is the typical formatting for some journals that consider facets as subfigures and want to minimise margins around figures.

Usage

```
tag_facet(p, open = "(", close = ")", tag_pool = letters, x = -Inf,
          y = Inf, hjust = -0.5, vjust = 1.5, fontface = 2, family = "",
          ...)
```

Arguments

p	ggplot
open	opening character, default: (
close	closing character, default:)
tag_pool	character vector to pick tags from
x	x position within panel, default: -Inf
y	y position within panel, default: Inf
hjust	hjust
vjust	vjust
fontface	fontface
family	font family
...	further arguments passed to geom_text layer

Value

plot with facet strips removed and replaced by in-panel tags

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
mydf = data.frame(
  x = 1:90,
  y = rnorm(90),
  red = rep(letters[1:3], 30),
  blue = c(rep(1, 30), rep(2, 30), rep(3, 30)))

p <- ggplot(mydf) +
  geom_point(aes(x = x, y = y)) +
  facet_wrap(~ red + blue)
tag_facet(p)
```

`tag_facet_outside` *tag_facet_outside*

Description

Adds a dummy text layer to a ggplot to label facets and sets facet strips to blank. This is the typical formatting for some journals that consider facets as subfigures and want to minimise margins around figures.

Usage

```
tag_facet_outside(p, open = c("(", ""), close = c(")", "."),
  tag_fun_top = function(i) letters[i],
  tag_fun_right = utils::as.roman, x = c(0, 0), y = c(0.5, 1),
  hjust = c(0, 0), vjust = c(0.5, 1), fontface = c(2, 2),
  family = "", draw = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>p</code>	ggplot
<code>open</code>	opening character, default: (
<code>close</code>	closing character, default:)
<code>tag_fun_top</code>	labelling function
<code>tag_fun_right</code>	labelling function
<code>x</code>	x position within cell
<code>y</code>	y position within cell
<code>hjust</code>	hjust
<code>vjust</code>	vjust
<code>fontface</code>	fontface
<code>family</code>	font family
<code>draw</code>	logical: draw the resulting gtable
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to geom_text layer

Value

plot with facet strips removed and replaced by in-panel tags

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
d = data.frame(
  x = 1:90,
  y = rnorm(90),
  red = rep(letters[1:3], 30),
```

```
blue = c(rep(1, 30), rep(2, 30), rep(3, 30)))  
  
p <- ggplot(d) +  
  geom_point(aes(x = x, y = y)) +  
  facet_grid(red ~ blue)  
  
tag_facet_outside(p)
```

theme_article

Theme with minimalistic (and opinionated) defaults suitable for publication

Description

Theme with minimalistic (and opinionated) defaults suitable for publication

Usage

```
theme_article(base_size = 11, base_family = "")
```

Arguments

base_size	base font size
base_family	base font family

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)  
  
d = data.frame(  
  x = 1:90,  
  y = rnorm(90),  
  red = rep(letters[1:3], 30),  
  blue = c(rep(1, 30), rep(2, 30), rep(3, 30)))  
  
p <- ggplot(d) +  
  geom_point(aes(x = x, y = y)) +  
  facet_grid(red ~ blue)  
tag_facet(p + theme_article())  
p + theme_presentation()  
  
# example of use with cairo device  
# ggsave("fig_talk.pdf", p + theme_presentation("Source Sans Pro"),  
#        width=14, height=7, device = cairo_pdf, bg='transparent')
```

theme_presentation	<i>Theme with minimalistic (and opinionated) defaults suitable for presentation</i>
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Description

Theme with minimalistic (and opinionated) defaults suitable for presentation

Usage

```
theme_presentation(base_size = 24, base_family = "")
```

Arguments

base_size	base font size
base_family	base font family

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